REVIEW
OF BILATERAL AND MULTILATERAL INTERSTATE AGREEMENTS
IN THE FIELD OF PREVENTION AND ELIMINATION OF EMERGENCIES
WITH THE PARTICIPATION OF CENTRAL ASIAN COUNTRIES

CENTER FOR EMERGENCY SITUATIONS AND DISASTER RISK REDUCTION 2020
INTRODUCTION

The Central Asian region, with more than 80 million inhabitants, is exposed to almost all types of natural and man-made threats, including earthquakes, floods, landslides, mudflows, avalanches, droughts, extreme temperatures, epidemics, dam breaks and releases of hazardous substances.

Natural disasters, accidents and catastrophes, especially of large-scale and transboundary nature, negatively affect the results of investments in the economies of the region, which impedes the more successful implementation of sustainable development strategies, programs and plans.

Governments of Central Asian countries,

Taking into account the possibility of emergencies of a large-scale and cross-border nature, the consequences of which cannot always be eliminated by the forces and means of one country, recognizing the need for the joint use of rescue forces, material, technical, medical, food, financial and information resources for the implementation of measures to prevent and eliminate emergencies,

intending to maintain and develop the scientific and technical relations in solving the problems of preventing and eliminating the consequences of emergencies, recognizing the objective need for coordinated actions to use and develop a transport communications network for the needs of the economy, military and humanitarian transportation,

recognizing that cooperation in the field of prevention and elimination of emergencies will help to ensure the protection of the population and territories, the welfare and security of the countries of the region, based on the interdependence of ecological systems, requiring a coordinated policy on the prevention and elimination of emergencies, as well as the organization of environmental monitoring,

willing to extend the principles of regional cooperation to emergency assistance and making joint efforts to provide effective and coordinated assistance to the affected population, striving to strengthen traditionally friendly relations between people of their states, comprehensive development of interstate and international relations and comprehensive collaboration and cooperation between Central Asian countries, supporting the efforts of the UN in the field of international assistance in case of emergency and taking measures to form an effective international legal framework,

agreed on interaction and cooperation, taking joint coordinated actions in the field of prevention and elimination of emergencies through the conclusion of bilateral and multilateral interstate Agreements.

The "Review on bilateral and multilateral interstate agreements in the field of prevention and elimination of emergencies with the participation of Central Asian countries" is developed by the Center for Emergency Situations and Disaster Risk Reduction in Almaty.

This Review is developed in order to assist practically to specialists-experts of State authorities, international and non-governmental organizations, scientific institutions to plan and implement organizational and practical measures in the field of disaster risk reduction, prevention and elimination of emergencies based on the use of current international legal framework, including bilateral and multilateral interstate agreements ratified by Central Asian countries.
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**Designations:** + signed and joined  - do not signed, do not joined

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AGREEMENT TITLE</th>
<th>KAZAKHSTAN</th>
<th>KYRGYZSTAN</th>
<th>TAJIKISTAN</th>
<th>TURKMENISTAN</th>
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<td>1. Agreement between the governments of the CIS member states on cooperation in the field of prevention and elimination of natural and man-made emergencies, dated 22 January 1993, Minsk (Republic of Belarus).</td>
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<td>2. Agreement between the governments of the CIS member states on the use and development of a transport communications network for the needs of the economy, military and humanitarian transportation of the CIS member states, dated 31 May 2001, Minsk (Republic of Belarus).</td>
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<td>3. Decision of the Council of Heads of Governments of the CIS member states on the procedure for the organization of interaction of the CIS Member States for elimination the consequences of man-made and natural emergencies, dated 29 November 2001, Moscow (Russian Federation).</td>
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<td>4. Agreement between the governments of the CIS member states on mutual assistance in cases of accidents and other emergencies at the electric power facilities of the CIS member states, dated 30 May 2002, Moscow (Russian Federation).</td>
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<td>5. Agreement between the governments of the CIS member states on the exchange of information on natural and man-made emergencies, on information interaction in responding to their consequences and providing assistance to the affected population, dated 18 September 2003, Yalta (Republic of Crimea).</td>
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<td>6. Decision on the establishment a Reserve fund of the CIS member states to assist states affected by natural and man-made emergencies, dated 16 April 2004, Cholpon-Ata (Kyrgyz Republic).</td>
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<td>7. Agreement on cooperation of the member states of the Commonwealth of Independent States in the field of prevention and elimination of emergencies, dated 16 October 2015, Burabai (Republic of Kazakhstan).</td>
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<td>1. Agreement between the governments of the member states of the Shanghai Cooperation Organization on cooperation in emergency response, dated 26 October 2005, Moscow (Russian Federation).</td>
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<td>2. Protocol of December 5, 2012, Bishkek (Kyrgyz Republic) to the Agreement between the governments of the member states of the Shanghai Cooperation Organization on cooperation in providing assistance in emergency response, dated 26 October 2005.</td>
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### WITHIN THE FRAME OF CENTRAL ASIA

1. Agreement between the Republic of Kazakhstan, the Kyrgyz Republic, the Republic of Tajikistan and the Republic of Uzbekistan on cooperation in the field of prevention and elimination of emergencies, dated 17 July 1998, Cholpon-Ata (Kyrgyz Republic).

### BILATERAL INTERSTATE AGREEMENTS

**Agreement between the Governments of the Republic of Kazakhstan and the Kyrgyz Republic**


**Agreement between the Governments of the Republic Kazakhstan and the Republic Tajikistan**


**Agreement between the Governments of the Kyrgyz Republic and the Republic of Tajikistan**

4. Agreement between the Government of the Kyrgyz Republic and the Republic of Tajikistan on cooperation in the field of civil defense (protection), prevention and liquidation of emergency situations, dated 27 May 2013, Bishkek (Kyrgyz Republic).

**Agreement between the Governments of the Republic of Tajikistan and the Republic of Uzbekistan**


**Agreement between the Governments of Turkmenistan and the Republic of Uzbekistan**